

key

Pre-Calculus Chapter 4 Review

Give the exact value for the following:

1. $\sin \frac{17\pi}{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

2. $\cos\left(-\frac{81\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

3. $\tan \frac{5\pi}{3} = -\sqrt{3}$

4. $\sec\left(-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = -2$

5. $\csc 7\pi$ u.d.

6. $\cot 0$ u.d.

7. $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{\pi}{6}$

8. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{6}$

9. $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{6}$

10. $\sin^{-1}(1) = \frac{\pi}{2}$

11. $\cos^{-1}(3)$ u.d.

12. $\tan^{-1}(-1) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

13. What is the supplement and complement of $\frac{2\pi}{13}$?

$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2\pi}{13} = \frac{13\pi}{26} - \frac{4\pi}{26}$

$\pi - \frac{2\pi}{13} = \frac{13\pi}{13} - \frac{2\pi}{13}$

complement: $\frac{9\pi}{26}$
 supplement: $\frac{11\pi}{13}$

14. Find two coterminal angles of $\frac{2\pi}{3}$.

$-\frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{8\pi}{3}$

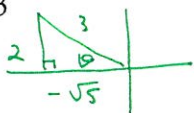
15. Convert $\frac{3\pi}{5}$ to degrees.

$\frac{3\pi}{5} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 108^\circ$

16. What quadrant is θ in if $\cos\theta < 0$ and $\cot\theta < 0$?

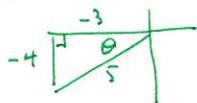
II

17. If $\sin\theta = \frac{2}{3}$ in quadrant II, what is $\tan\theta$?



$\tan\theta = \frac{-2\sqrt{5}}{5}$

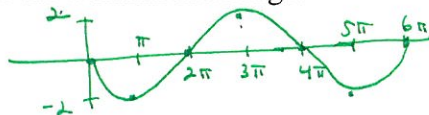
18. The point $(-3, -4)$ is on the terminal side of an angle in standard position. Find $\sin\theta$.



$\sin\theta = \frac{-4}{5}$

19. Graph $y = 2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2} - \pi\right)$. Give the domain and range.

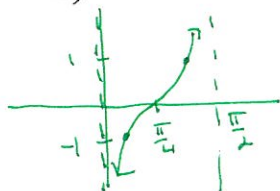
$(2\pi, 0)$
 Per = 4π
 Am = 2



D: $(-\infty, \infty)$
 R: $[-2, 2]$

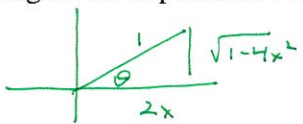
20. Graph $y = \tan\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$. Give domain and range.

$(\frac{\pi}{4}, 0)$
 Per = $\frac{\pi}{2}$
 Am = 1



D: $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2}n$
 R: $(-\infty, \infty)$

21. Write an algebraic expression for $\sin(\cos^{-1}(2x))$.



$$\sin \theta = \sqrt{1-4x^2}$$

22. Find 2 values of θ for $0 < \theta < 2\pi$:

$$\frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

a) $\sec \theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

b) $\cot \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{-3}{2\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = -\sqrt{3}$$

23. Use your calculator to find the following:

$\sec 42^\circ$

1.35

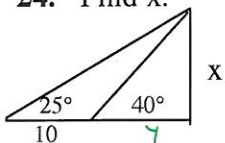
$\sin 3.6$

-.44

$\cot 17^\circ$

3.27

24. Find x.



$$\tan 40^\circ = \frac{x}{y}$$

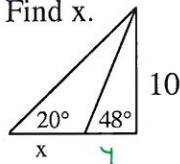
$$\tan 25^\circ = \frac{x}{y+10}$$

$$\tan 40^\circ y = \tan 25^\circ (y+10)$$

$$y = 12.51$$

$$x = 10.5$$

25. Find x.



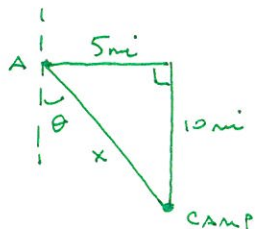
$$\tan 48^\circ = \frac{10}{y}$$

$$y = 9$$

$$\tan 20^\circ = \frac{10}{x+9}$$

$$x = 18.47$$

26. You start at camp and walk 10 miles due north, then change course and walk due west for 5 miles. What bearing should you take to return to camp? How far is it?



$$\tan A = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$A = \tan^{-1}(10/5)$$

$$= 63.4^\circ \rightarrow$$

$$S 26.6^\circ E$$

$$5^2 + 10^2 = x^2$$

$$11.2 \text{ miles} = x$$