

1. Write the first 5 terms:  $a_n = \frac{72}{n!}$ .  $72, 36, 12, 3, \frac{3}{5}$

2. Write in summation notation:  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} + \dots + \frac{1}{40}$   $\sum_{i=1}^{20} \frac{1}{2i}$

Write the first 5 terms of each arithmetic sequence.

3.  $a_1 = 3, d = 4$

$3, 7, 11, 15, 19$

4.  $a_4 = 10, a_{10} = 28$

$1, 4, 7, 10, 13$

$10 + 6d = 28$

$6d = 18$

$d = 3$

$a_3 = 7$

$a_2 = 4$

$a_1 = 1$

5. Write the rule,  $a_n$ , for the arithmetic sequence, then find the sum of the first 20 terms:

$a_1 = 10, a_3 = 28$ .

$10 + 2d = 28$   
 $2d = 18$   
 $d = 9$

$a_n = 10 + 9(n-1)$

$a_n = 9n + 1$

$S_n = (10 + 181) 10$

$= 1910$

Find each sum.

6.  $\sum_{i=1}^{10} (2i - 3)$

$a_1 = -1$

$a_{10} = 17$

$S_n = (-1 + 17) 5 = 80$

7.  $\sum_{i=1}^{11} \left(\frac{2}{3}i + 4\right)$

$a_1 = 4\frac{2}{3}$

$a_{11} = 11\frac{1}{3}$

$S_n = \left(4\frac{2}{3} + 11\frac{1}{3}\right) \frac{11}{2} = 88$

Write the first 5 terms of each geometric sequence.

8.  $a_1 = 4, r = -\frac{1}{4}$

$4, -1, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{64}$

9.  $a_1 = 9, a_3 = 4$

$9 \cdot r^2 = 4$

$r^2 = \frac{4}{9}$

$r = \frac{2}{3}$

$9, 6, 4, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{16}{9}$

10. Write the rule,  $a_n$ , for the geometric sequence, then find the sum of the first 20 terms:  $a_1 = 16, a_2 = -8$ .  $r = -\frac{1}{2}$

$a_n = 16 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$

$S_n = 16 \left(\frac{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})^{20}}{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})}\right) = 10.67$

Find each sum.

$$11. \sum_{i=1}^7 2^{i-1}$$

$$S_n = 1 \left( \frac{1-2^7}{1-2} \right) \\ = \boxed{127}$$

$$12. \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{7}{8} \right)^{i-1}$$

$$S_n = \frac{1}{1-\frac{7}{8}} \\ = \boxed{8}$$

$$13. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 4 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^{k-1}$$

$$S_n = \frac{4}{1-\frac{1}{3}} \\ = \frac{4}{\frac{2}{3}} = \boxed{6}$$

Expand each binomial.

$$14. \left( \frac{x}{2} + y \right)^4$$

$$15. (5 + 2i)^4$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & 1 \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^4 + 4 \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^3 y + 6 \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 y^2 + 4 \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) y^3 + y^4 \\ & \frac{x^4}{16} + \frac{x^3}{2} y + \frac{3x^2}{2} y^2 + 2xy^3 + y^4 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 5^4 + 4 \cdot 5^3 \cdot (2i) + 6 \cdot 5^2 \cdot (2i)^2 + 4 \cdot 5 \cdot (2i)^3 + (2i)^4 \\ & 625 + 1000i - 600 - 160i + 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{41 + 840i}$$