

(L)

Name: Sturman Key

Period: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Isotope Number 1

You will become more familiar with the atomic structure of some common substances by completing the chart below. For each substance, you have been given enough information to fill in all the blanks. Unless otherwise stated, assume that the overall charge on each element is neutral.

+ 1/4 cal

Substance	Symbol	Atomic Number	Mass Number	Number of Protons	Number of Neutrons	Number of Electrons
Helium	<sup>4</sup> He	2	4	2	2	2
Zinc	<sup>65</sup> Zn	30	65	30	35	30
Antimony	<sup>121</sup> Sb	51	121	51	70	51
Aluminum	<sup>27</sup> Al	13	27	13	14	13
Uranium	<sup>238</sup> U	92	238	92	146	92
Sodium	<sup>23</sup> Na	11	23	11	12	11
Krypton	<sup>84</sup> Kr	36	84	36	48	36
Calcium-42	<sup>42</sup> Ca	20	42	20	22	20
Silver	<sup>107</sup> Ag	47	107	47	60	47
Magnesium	<sup>24</sup> Mg	12	24	12	12	12
Selenium	<sup>80</sup> Se	34	80	34	46	34
Mercury	<sup>201</sup> Hg	80	201	80	122	80
Bromine-79	<sup>79</sup> Br	35	79	35	44	35
Barium-138	<sup>138</sup> Ba	56	138	56	82	56
Lithium-7	<sup>7</sup> Li	3	7	3	4	3
Oxygen-18	<sup>18</sup> O	8	18	8	10	8
Gallium-69	<sup>69</sup> Ga	31	69	31	38	31
Tellurium-126	<sup>126</sup> Te	52	126	52	74	52

553

23 total